Planning Commission Date: October 13, 2004



MILPITAS PLANNING COMMISSION AGENDA REPORT

Category: Public Hearing	Report prepared by: Staci Pereira			
Public Hearing: Yes:	X No:			
Notices Mailed On: 10/1/0	4 Published On: 9/30/04 Posted On: 10/1/04			
TITLE:	USE PERMIT NO. UP2004-19 AND "S" ZONE APPROVAL AMENDMENT NO. SA2004-73			
Proposal:	A request to install three (3) panel antennas within the penthouse and associated mechanical equipment atop the Crown Plaza Hotel.			
Location:	777 Bellew Drive (APN: 086-47-002)			
RECOMMENDATION:	Approval with conditions			
Applicant:	Sprint PCS, Attention: Kristina Woerner, 185 Berry Street #5300, San Francisco, CA 94107			
Property Owners:	BHR Operations, LLC, dba Crowne Plaza Milpitas, 777 Bellew Drive, Milpitas, CA 95035			
Previous Action(s):	"S" Zone approval and amendments, use permits			
Environmental Info:	Exempt			
General Plan Designation:	Highway Services			
Present Zoning:	Highway Services			
Existing Land Use:	Hotel			
Agenda Sent To:	Applicant and owner			
Attachments:	Plans, photo simulations, wireless site maps, telecommunications questionnaire, power density study			
PJ No.	2385			

BACKGROUND

On May 7, 1985, the Planning Commission approved "S" Zone and Use Permit (No. 707) applications for a 12-story hotel. Subsequent approvals include freestanding and building signs, roof screen interpretation for a 13-foot tall cooler, a pedestrian walkway, and numerous use permits for telecommunication antennas.

PAGE 2 OF 5 P.C.ARS—October 13, 2004 UP2004-19 and SA2004-73



Site Description

The subject site is located on the north side of Bellew Drive immediately south of Highway 237, east of McCarthy Boulevard and west of Highway 880. The subject site is zoned Highway Service, while the surrounding properties are zoned Industrial Park, Highway Service and General Commercial. Uses in the adjacent area include office and R&D industrial campuses, shopping centers, hotels, and a gas station.

A 12-story, 132-foot tall hotel resides on the subject site. There are numerous visible antennas atop the hotel. These antennas were approved prior to the City's policy of requiring stealth designs for telecommunication facilities.

THE APPLICATION

The Use Permit application is submitted pursuant to Section 57.02-15.1 (telecommunications antenna facility as a conditional use) and the "S" Zone Approval Amendment is pursuant to Section 42.10-2 (Applications for modifications or amendment) of the Milpitas Zoning Ordinance.

Project Description

The applicant is requesting to install 3 new panel antennas atop the Crowne Plaza Hotel. The new antennas would reside within the existing 9-foot tall penthouse (northwest side) located on top of the 132-foot tall building. The antennas would be covered with a material called Dryvit, an exterior insulation and finish system designed to restore buildings, which would then be painted to match the existing exterior color of the penthouse. The associated mechanical equipment cabinet and a GPS antenna is proposed on the building's rooftop behind the existing 9-foot tall parapet.

Conformance with the General Plan

The proposed project complies with the City's General Plan in terms of Policy 2.a-I-7. The proposed project provides a service that supports surrounding businesses, which can assist in expanding employment, facilitating communications and promoting business retention. In addition to supporting local businesses, the telecommunications facility also supports Milpitas residents and I-880 and Highway 237 travelers.

Conformance with the Zoning Ordinance

The project complies with the City's Zoning Ordinance, which allows for telecommunications facilities as conditional uses in all zoning districts. As previously mentioned, this facility will support local businesses, especially those intended in the Highway Scrvice District and the surrounding industrial park area uses, such as offices and R&D campuses.

Conformance with the "S" Zone Combining District

The project complies with the "S" Zone Combining District in that the minor building modification is attractive and harmonious with the subject building and adjacent ones. The new panel antennas would be mounted within the existing 9-foot tall penthouse and the exterior would be resurfaced and painted to match the penthouse. The associated 6-foot tall mechanical

PAGE 3 OF 5 P.C. ARS—October 13, 2004 UP2004-19 and SA2004-73



equipment and GPS antenna would all reside on the rooftop well below the building's 9-foot tall parapet. Since the antennas would not be visible from public view, staff concludes that no adverse visual impacts would result from the proposed project.

ISSUES

Community Impact

The project is not anticipated to create any adverse impacts to surrounding land uses, in terms of traffic, parking, noise, odors or radio frequency emissions. Antenna sites are unmanned, and once installed, only require maintenance and repairs as needed, therefore no impacts on traffic or parking are anticipated. In addition, the antennas do not generate any noise and the associated equipment proposed on top of the building is not anticipated to create any noise impacts. Also, no odors are associated with this type of telecommunications facility.

Radio Frequency Emissions

In terms of radio frequency emissions, the Federal law preserves the City's authority to regulate the placement, construction, and modification of personal wireless service facilities (47 U.S.C. 332((c)(7)(A).) However, federal law does impose a limitation on this authority in the area of radio frequency (RF) emissions. The City is prohibited by federal law from regulating the placement, construction, and modification of personal wireless service facilities on the basis of the environmental effects of RF emissions to the extent the facilities comply with the Federal Communications Commission's (FCC) regulations concerning such emissions. (47 U.S.C. 332(c)(7)(B)(iv).

FCC Guidelines. The FCC has established guidelines that place limits on human exposure to RF fields generated by personal wireless service facilities. These guidelines have been endorsed by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency and the Food and Drug Administration. The FCC requires all personal wireless facilities to comply with these guidelines.

City Requirements. The City, however, may still verify that applicants are in compliance with the FCC's guidelines. Therefore, the City requires applicants applying for use approval for any telecommunications device to submit a power density report. This report is reviewed by the City's Telecommunications Advisory Commission to ensure compliance with the FCC's guidelines. To the extent that an applicant's facilities, as proposed, are not in compliance with the FCC's guidelines, the City may require the applicant to make appropriate modifications to the facilities to ensure compliance.

Telecommunications Commission Review

The City's Telecommunications Commission reviewed this project on September 20, 2004, and concluded that the application is in compliance with the FCC guidelines. The Commission's standard conditions of approval of an emergency shut-down sign, have been included in the Special Conditions in order to ensure continued compliance with the FCC guidelines.

PAGE 4 OF 5
P.C. ARS—October 13, 2004
UP2004-19 and SA2004-73



Conformance with CEQA

The proposed project is categorically exempt from further environmental review pursuant to Class 1, Section 15301 ("Existing Facilities"—"... permitting, ... licensing ... of existing ... private structures ... involving negligible or no expansion of use beyond that existing at the time of the lead agency's determination") of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines.

RECOMMENDATION

Close the Public Hearing. Approve Use Permit No. UP2004-19 and "S" Zone Approval Amendment No. SA2004-73 based on the Findings and Special Conditions of Approval listed below.

FINDINGS

- 1. The proposed project complies with the City's General Plan in terms of Policy 2.a-I-7 in that it provides a service that supports surrounding businesses, which can assist in expanding employment, facilitating communications and promoting business retention.
- 2. The project complies with the City's Zoning Ordinance in that it allows for telecommunications facilities as conditional uses in all zoning districts and that it will support local businesses in the Highway Service and surrounding districts.
- 3. The project complies with the "S" Zone Combining District in that the minor building modification is attractive and harmonious with the subject building and adjacent ones and no adverse visual impacts would result from the proposed project.
- 4. The project is not anticipated to create any adverse impacts to surrounding land uses, in terms of traffic, parking, noise, odors or radio frequency emissions, or to the public health, safety and general welfare.
- 5. The proposed project is categorically exempt from further environmental review pursuant to Class 1, Section 15301 (Existing Facilities) of the State CEQA Guidelines.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

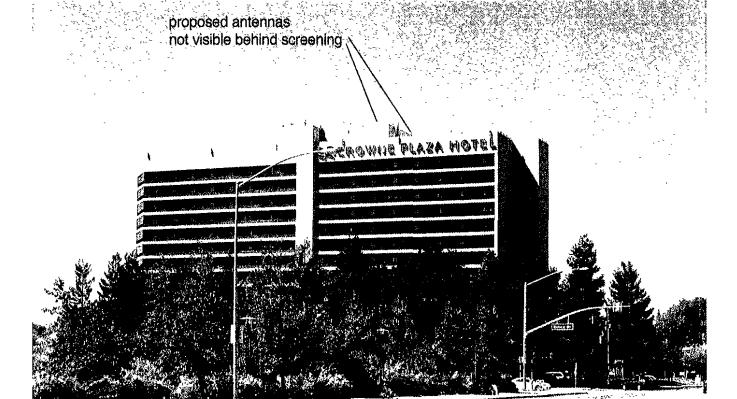
- 1. This Use Permit No. UP2004-19 approval is for the installation of three (3) telecommunications antennas within the existing 9-foot tall penthouse (northwest side) and associated mechanical equipment and GPS antennas on the rooftop below the existing parapet, as shown on the approved plans dated October 13, 2004. Any modifications to the conditions of approval require Planning Commission approval of an amendment to this Use Permit and a public hearing. (P)
- 2. This "S" Zone Approval Amendment No. SA2004-173 approval is for the exterior modifications associated with the antennas and equipment, which shall complement the building materials and match the existing building colors, as depicted on the approved plans dated October 13, 2004 and as modified by the conditions within this approval. (P)



- 3. Prior to building permit issuance, the plans shall indicate the existing building's materials and colors and the proposed parapets materials and colors. (P)
- 4. Prior to building permit issuance, the applicant shall submit a revised roof plan indicating all existing telecommunication antennas located on and within the building and indicate which antennas are operating, who is the carrier and which ones have been abandoned. Staff shall ensure that all of the telecommunication antennas have obtained conditional use permits and require the applicant to remove all non-permitted and abandoned antennas. (P)
- 5. Prior to certificate of occupancy issuance, the applicant shall remove all non-permitted and abandoned telecommunications antennas. (P)
- 6. Prior to building permit issuance, as required by the Telecommunication Commission, the plans shall indicate the location to be labeled for the hazard with a sign approved for location and content by the Fire Department. (F)
- 7. Prior to certificate of occupancy issuance, the exterior modifications shall match the existing building, no antennas shall be visible and no equipment shall exceed the height of the existing parapet. (P)
- 8. If at the time of application for building permit there is a project job account balance due to the City for recovery of review fees, review of permits will not be initiated until the balance is paid in full. (P)
- 9. If at the time of application for a certificate of occupancy there is a project job account balance due to the City for recovery of review fees, a certificate of occupancy shall not be issued until the balance is paid in full. (P)
- 10. This use shall be conducted in compliance with all appropriate local, state, and federal laws and regulations and in conformance with the approved plans. (P)
- (P) = Planning Division
- (F) = Fire Department



ह्यांबर्गाति



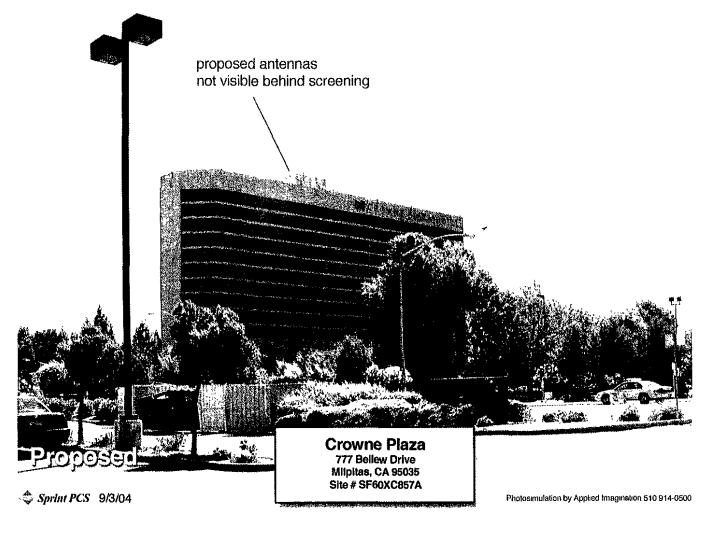
brohozaq

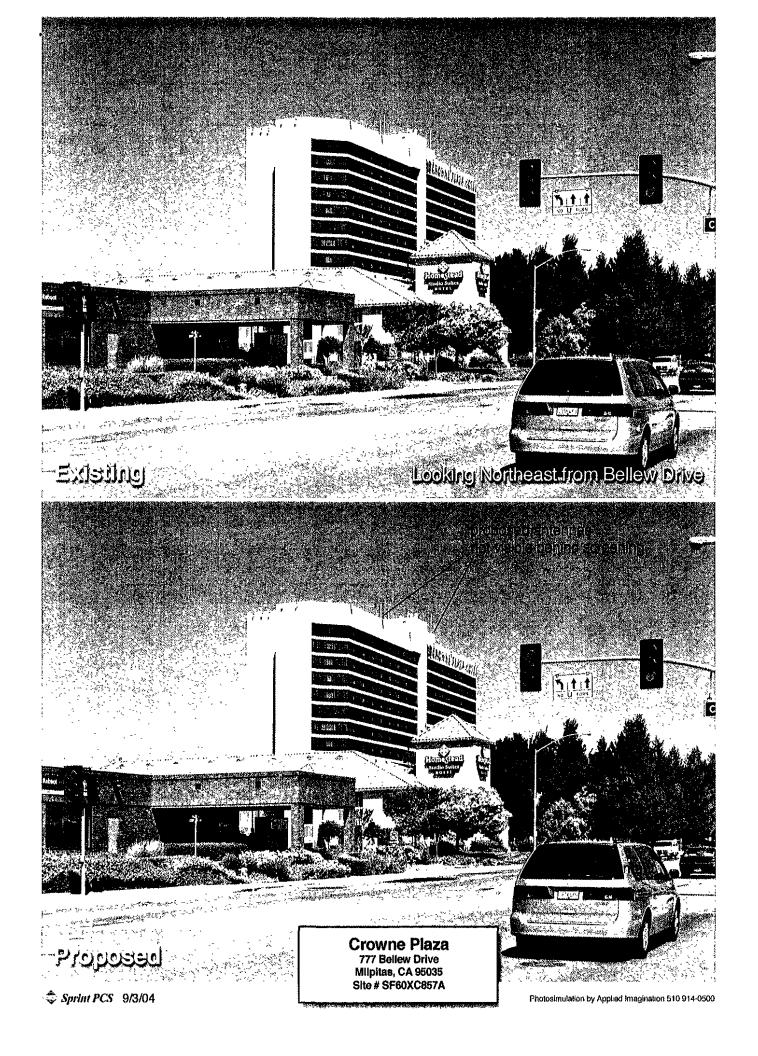
Sprint PCS 9/3/04

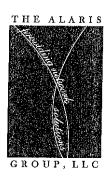
Crowne Plaza 777 Bellew Drive Milpitas, CA 95035 Site # SF60XC857A

Photosimulation by Applied Imagination 510 914-0500









Project Description

Sprint PCS Antennas Crown Plaza, 777 Bellew Drive

This project consists of the installation and operation of (3) SPRINT PCS wireless antennas and associated equipment cabinets.

The panel antennas will be recessed and mounted to the inside of the existing penthouse of the building located at 777 Bellew Drive. The antennas will be covered with a material, painted to match the existing exterior, which allows frequencies to be transmitted through, so that they are not visible to someone outside the building. The material Sprint has proposed to use is Dryvit, an exterior insulation and finish system that is designed to restore buildings. Due to the fact that Dryvit does not deflect or interfere with radio waves, RF engineers/wireless companies commonly install this instead of fiberglass when stealthing a project, such as this one.

The equipment cabinets will be located on the rooftop. The cabinet height will be below the existing rooftop parapet, so they will not be seen from ground level. The cabinets, in addition to a GPS antenna, will be located within a 12' x 20' lease area.

STUDICSG

City of Milpitas
Planning Division
455 E. Calaveras Bivd.
Milpitas, CA 95035
(408) 586-3279

Questionnaire for Telecommunication Facility Providers

All applicants requesting to install telecommunications facilities within the City of Milpites must complete this questionnaire as part of their use permit application submittal. Applicant Name: Kristing Woerner Sprint PCS Applicant Address: 185 Barry St. Sinte 5300 Applicant Phone: (415) 495-3579 Applicant Fax and e-mail address: (415) 495-(6277 Provide a brief description of project (Telecommunications Facility): New Sprint PCS wireless antenna + associated equipment mounted on ex. 135:-9" lawlating. Equipment will be placed on beams on vocatep Location of Project: 777 Bellew Drive Please indicate below the frequency range you plan to use? ٦. VHF Low-Band (30-50 Mhz or 72-76 Mhz) VHF High-Band (136-174 Mhz or 220-222 Mhz) UHF or T-Band (406-420 Mhz or 450-470 Mhz or 470-512 Mhz) 800 or 900 Mhz Band (800-960 except 900 Mhz Spread Spectrum) 900 Mhz Spread Spectrum (902-928 Mhz) Other than specified above (State frequency band in Mhz). Describe: PCG "A" Band, X 1930-1945 MHZ, 1850-1865 MHZ. Please indicate below the channel/system proposed for use? 2. A single channel Multiple channel A frequency agile system A spread spectrum system Other than specified above. Describe: Please indicate below the frequency range you plan to use? 3. Narrow band (±5 Khz or less deviation) Broad band (greater than ±5 Khz deviation) \Box Spread Spectrum Other than specified above. Describe:

4085853293

4.	What will be the effective radiated power (ERP) be when all channels at your proposed site are radiating? What will be in compliance with current ANSI radiation health standards? <u>UCS</u>
5.	What horizontal radiation pattern is planned for this project?
	☐ Omnidirectional Sectored ☐ Directional (provide half power beam width)
6,	What will the vertical radiation angle (half power beam width) be for your proposed antenna(s)?
7.	How high above the local terrain (e.g., surrounding structures) will the center of radiation of your proposed antennals) be? 150 /
8.	How close to your proposed project is the nearest roadway 300 feet/miles and, if elevated, what is the roadway's height above the local terrain?
Ġ.	How close to your proposed project is the nearest regularly occupied building and how high is the top floor above local terrain? On ex. building -100' above ground
10.	What is the distance to the nearest existing radio communications or broadcast antenna(s) if less than ½ mile? Of feet/miles. Answer question 1 for such existing antenna(s) and identify owner/operator, if known. ** Next to ex. Correct on vootto?
11.	What is the status of your FCC license grant? Active (Include a *copy of the license with submittal of this questionnaire.)
NOTE	: The below listed Items are required by the applicant as part of this submittal:
{	a) Provider's build-out map* showing all sites anticipated within Milpitas (see question no. 2)
	b) Photo simulations** of antenna(s) as viewed from at least three surrounding view points. Show "worst case" vantage points.
	c) List of all sites that were investigated** for a particular search ring and the reasons why they were discarded. Include names and phone numbers of persons contacted regarding potential sites.
	d) Copy of applicants Power Density Study* (see Item no. 4).
	 20 copies (Telecommunication Commission) 35 copies (Telecommunication Commission & Planning Commission)

Back of Telecommunication Questionnaire

ULS License

PCS Broadband License - KNLF208 - WIRELESSCO, L.P.

Call Sign

KNLF208

Radio Service

CW - PCS Broadband

Status

Active

1

Auth Type

Regular

Market

Market

MTA004 - San Francisco-

Channel Block A

Oakland-San Jose

Submarket

Associated

1850.00000-1865.00000 1930.00000-1945.00000

Frequencies

(MHz)

Dates

Grant

06/23/1995

Expiration

06/23/2005

Effective

07/23/2001

Cancellation

Buildout Deadlines

1st

06/23/2000

2nd

06/23/2005

Notification Dates

1st

06/22/2000

2nd

09/04/2001

Licensee

Licensee ID

L00009113 000

FRN 0002316545 Type

Partnership

Licensee

SGIN

WIRELESSCO, L.P.

401 9TH STREET, NW, SUITE 400

WASHINGTON, DC 20004

ATTN LUISA L. LANCETTI

P:(202)585-1923 F:(202)585-1892

E:LUISA.L.LANCETTI@MAIL.SPRINT.COM

Contact

Sprint PCS

ANTHONY C TRAINI

401 9th Street, NW, Suite 400 WASHINGTON, DC 20004

P:(202)585-1925

F:(202)585-1892

E:ATRAIN01@SPRINTSPECTRUM.COM

Qualifications, Ownership, and Demographics

Radio Service Type Mobile

Regulatory Status Common Carrier

Interconnected?

Yes

Alien Ownership

The Applicant answered "No" to each of the Alien Ownership questions.

Basic Qualifications

The Applicant answered "No" to each of the Basic Qualification questions.

Tribal Land Bidding Credits

This license did not have tribal land bidding credits.

Race

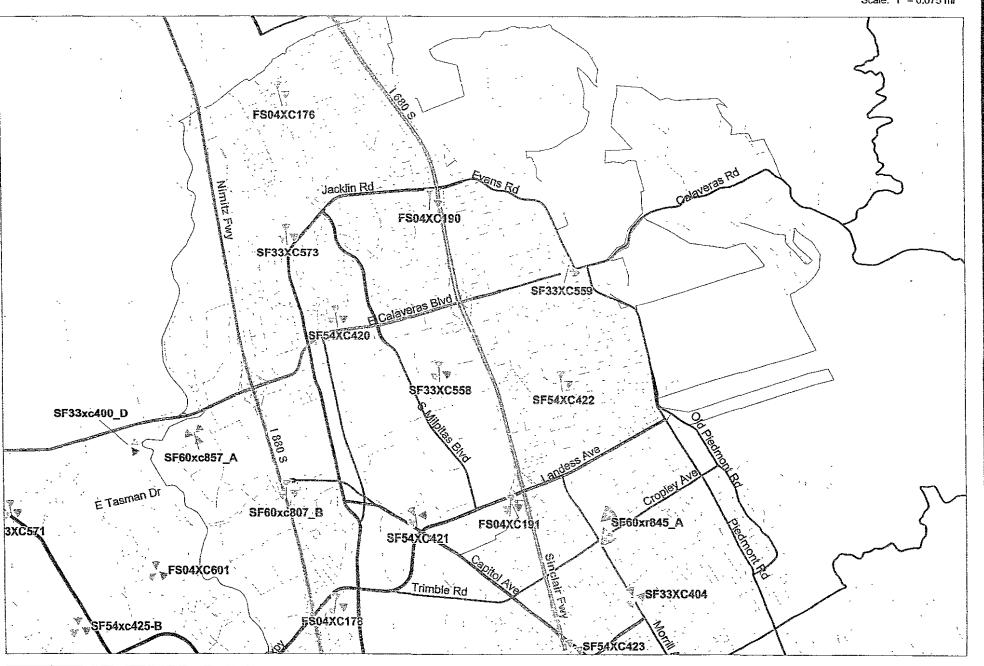
Sprint PCS "Build Out Map" for Milpitas CA Fremont Kalo Summilpointe Ed Levin Golf Club County Park Spring Valley Golf Course SF33xc573 Jacklin Rdg Vista Ridge Dr. Felter Rd Milditas Chamber of Esteros Rd Commerce SF54xc420 A Los FS04xc177 Milpitas Soutech Pky Alviso-Milpitas Š SF60xc807-B FS04xc191 Tasman Dr SF60xr845-A FS04xc178 SF33xc574 Fortuge Dr Santa Clara Berryessa 汉 San Jose 0 mi

Sprint PCS "Existing ON-AIR sites" and "Proposed Sites" in Milpitas CA city

- Proposed Sites (all magenta color): SF60xc807-B, and SF60xc857-A
- Existing ON-AIR sites (tri-color): FS04xc176, FS04xc190, SF33xc573, SF33xc559, SF54xc420, SF33xc558, SF54xc422, FS04xc191, and SF54xc421.



Date: Mon 01-Mar-2004 Scale: 1" = 0.675 mi





Alternate Site Locations

Crown Plaza Hotel 777 Bellew Drive

The proposed Sprint PCS wireless antennas and associated equipment are located at 777 Bellew Drive. The antennas and equipment both will be located on the existing rooftop.

Sprint PCS did not consider any other locations for this search ring. Due to the presence of other antennas and dishes on this building, such as XM Satellite Radio, it seemed to be the most feasible location. This site gave Sprint the height and coverage that they needed, so they did not feel it necessary to look elsewhere. It is anticipated that this site would provide the least amount of problems because there are already antennas on the building.

Statement of Hammett & Edison, Inc., Consulting Engineers

The firm of Hammett & Edison, Inc., Consulting Engineers, has been retained on behalf of Sprint PCS, a wireless telecommunications carrier, to evaluate the base station (Site No. SF60xc857A) proposed to be located at 777 Bellew Drive in Milpitas, California, for compliance with appropriate guidelines limiting human exposure to radio frequency ("RF") electromagnetic fields.

Prevailing Exposure Standards

The U.S. Congress requires that the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") evaluate its actions for possible significant impact on the environment. In Docket 93-62, effective October 15, 1997, the FCC adopted the human exposure limits for field strength and power density recommended in Report No. 86, "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," published in 1986 by the Congressionally chartered National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements ("NCRP"). Separate limits apply for occupational and public exposure conditions, with the latter limits generally five times more restrictive. The more recent Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers ("IEEE") Standard C95.1-1999, "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz," includes nearly identical exposure limits. A summary of the FCC's exposure limits is shown in Figure 1. These limits apply for continuous exposures and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health.

The most restrictive thresholds for exposures of unlimited duration to radio frequency energy for several personal wireless services are as follows:

Personal Wireless Service	Approx. Frequency	Occupational Limit	Public Limit
Personal Communication ("PCS")	1,950 MHz	5.00 mW/cm^2	$1.00 \mathrm{mW/cm^2}$
Cellular Telephone	870	2.90	0.58
Specialized Mobile Radio	855	2.85	0.57
[most restrictive frequency range]	30-300	1.00	0.20

General Facility Requirements

Base stations typically consist of two distinct parts: the electronic transceivers (also called "radios" or "cabinets") that are connected to the traditional wired telephone lines, and the passive antennas that send the wireless signals created by the radios out to be received by individual subscriber units. The transceivers are often located at ground level and are connected to the antennas by coaxial cables about 1 inch thick. Because of the short wavelength of the frequencies assigned by the FCC for wireless services, the antennas require line-of-sight paths for their signals to propagate well and so are installed at some height above ground. The antennas are designed to concentrate their energy toward

the horizon, with very little energy wasted toward the sky or the ground. Along with the low power of such facilities, this means that it is generally not possible for exposure conditions to approach the maximum permissible exposure limits without being physically very near the antennas.

Computer Modeling Method

The FCC provides direction for determining compliance in its Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65, "Evaluating Compliance with FCC-Specified Guidelines for Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Radiation," dated August 1997. Figure 2 attached describes the calculation methodologies, reflecting the facts that a directional antenna's radiation pattern is not fully formed at locations very close by (the "near-field" effect) and that the power level from an energy source decreases with the square of the distance from it (the "inverse square law"). The conservative nature of this method for evaluating exposure conditions has been verified by numerous field tests.

Site and Facility Description

Based upon information provided by Sprint, including zoning drawings by MSA Architecture & Planning, Inc., dated December 18, 2003, it is proposed to mount three Andrew Model UMWD-065-16-XDM directional panel antennas on the side walls of the mechanical equipment penthouse above the Crowne Plaza Hotel located at 777 Bellew Drive in Milpitas. The antennas would be mounted at an effective height of about 133 feet above ground, 14 feet above the roof, and would be oriented at 120° spacing, to provide service in all directions. The maximum effective radiated power in any direction would be 1,000 watts.

Presently located on or above the same penthouse are several omnidirectional "whip" antennas for use by Arch Wireless, a paging carrier, by Nextweb, a wireless internet provider, by Shadow Broadcast, a cable programming supplier, by XM Satellite Radio, and by the local Fire Department. For the purposes of this study, it is assumed that the combined maximum effective radiated power for all the whip antennas is 3,000 watts. Also mounted above the penthouse are several microwave "dish" antennas.

Study Results

The maximum ambient RF level anywhere at ground level due to the proposed Sprint operation by itself is calculated to be 0.000070 mW/cm², which is 0.0070% of the applicable public exposure limit. The maximum calculated cumulative level at ground for the simultaneous operation of all carriers is 0.50% of the public exposure limit; the maximum level on the roof of the subject building is 45% of the public exposure limit. It should be noted that these results include several "worst-case" assumptions and therefore are expected to overstate actual power density levels. The microwave dish

antennas are in point-to-point service and are so directional that they make no significant contribution to RF exposure conditions at ground level.

Recommended Mitigation Measures

Since they are mounted above the roof of the building, the antennas are not accessible to the general public, and so no mitigation measures are necessary to comply with the FCC public exposure guidelines. To prevent occupational exposures in excess of the FCC guidelines, no access within 5 feet in front of the Sprint antennas themselves, such as might occur during building maintenance activities, should be allowed while the site is in operation, unless other measures can be demonstrated to ensure that occupational protection requirements are met. Posting explanatory warning signs* at roof access location(s) and at the antennas, such that the signs would be readily visible from any angle of approach to persons who might need to work within that distance, would be sufficient to meet FCC-adopted guidelines. Similar measures should already be in place for the other carriers at the site; applicable keep-back distances have not been determined as part of this study.

Conclusion

Based on the information and analysis above, it is the undersigned's professional opinion that the base station proposed by Sprint PCS at 777 Bellew Drive in Milpitas, California, can comply with the prevailing standards for limiting human exposure to radio frequency energy and, therefore, need not for this reason cause a significant impact on the environment. The highest calculated level in publicly accessible areas is much less than the prevailing standards allow for exposures of unlimited duration. This finding is consistent with measurements of actual exposure conditions taken at other operating base stations.

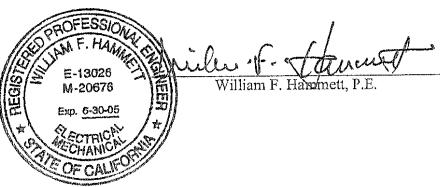
^{*} Warning signs should comply with ANSI C95.2 color, symbol, and content conventions. In addition, contact information should be provided (e.g., a telephone number) to arrange for access to restricted areas. The selection of language(s) is not an engineering matter, and guidance from the landlord, local zoning or health authority, or appropriate professionals may be required.



Authorship

The undersigned author of this statement is a qualified Professional Engineer, holding California Registration Nos. E-13026 and M-20676, which expire on June 30, 2005. This work has been carried out by him or under his direction, and all statements are true and correct of his own knowledge except, where noted, when data has been supplied by others, which data he believes to be correct.

March 8, 2004

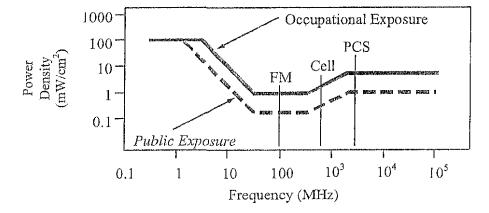


FCC Radio Frequency Protection Guide

The U.S. Congress required (1996 Telecom Act) the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") to adopt a nationwide human exposure standard to ensure that its licensees do not, cumulatively, have a significant impact on the environment. The FCC adopted the limits from Report No. 86, "Biological Effects and Exposure Criteria for Radiofrequency Electromagnetic Fields," published in 1986 by the Congressionally chartered National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements, which are nearly identical to the more recent Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers Standard C95.1-1999, "Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz." These limits apply for continuous exposures from all sources and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health.

As shown in the table and chart below, separate limits apply for occupational and public exposure conditions, with the latter limits (in *italics* and/or dashed) up to five times more restrictive:

Frequency	Electromagnetic Fields (f is frequency of emission in MHz)						
Applicable Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)		Applicable Electric Magn Range Field Strength Field Str		Strength	Power	t Far-Field Density //cm²)
0.3 - 1.34	614	614	1.63	1.63	100	100	
1.34 - 3.0	614	823.8/f	1,63	2.19/f	100	$180/f^2$	
3.0 - 30	1842/f	823.8/f	4.89/ f	2.19/f	900/ f ²	$180/f^2$	
30 - 300	61.4	27.5	0.163	0.0729	1.0	0.2	
300 - 1,500	3.54√f	1,59√f	√r/106	$\sqrt{f}/238$	f/300	f/1500	
1,500 - 100,000	137	61.4	0.364	0.163	5.0	1.0	



Higher levels are allowed for short periods of time, such that total exposure levels averaged over six or thirty minutes, for occupational or public settings, respectively, do not exceed the limits, and higher levels also are allowed for exposures to small areas, such that the spatially averaged levels do not exceed the limits. However, neither of these allowances is incorporated in the conservative calculation formulas in the FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65 (August 1997) for projecting field levels. Hammett & Edison has built those formulas into a proprietary program that calculates, at each location on an arbitrary rectangular grid, the total expected power density from any number of individual radio sources. The program allows for the description of buildings and uneven terrain, if required to obtain more accurate projections.



RFR.CALC[™] Calculation Methodology

Assessment by Calculation of Compliance with FCC Exposure Guidelines

The U.S. Congress required (1996 Telecom Act) the Federal Communications Commission ("FCC") to adopt a nationwide human exposure standard to ensure that its licensees do not, cumulatively, have a significant impact on the environment. The maximum permissible exposure limits adopted by the FCC (see Figure 1) apply for continuous exposures from all sources and are intended to provide a prudent margin of safety for all persons, regardless of age, gender, size, or health. Higher levels are allowed for short periods of time, such that total exposure levels averaged over six or thirty minutes, for occupational or public settings, respectively, do not exceed the limits.

Near Field.

Prediction methods have been developed for the near field zone of panel (directional) and whip (omnidirectional) antennas, typical at wireless telecommunications cell sites. The near field zone is defined by the distance, D, from an antenna beyond which the manufacturer's published, far field antenna patterns will be fully formed; the near field may exist for increasing D until some or all of three conditions have been met:

1)
$$D > \frac{2h^2}{\lambda}$$
 2) $D > 5h$ 3) $D > 1.6\lambda$

where h = aperture height of the antenna, in meters, and

 λ = wavelength of the transmitted signal, in meters.

The FCC Office of Engineering and Technology Bulletin No. 65 (August 1997) gives this formula for calculating power density in the near field zone about an individual RF source:

power density
$$S = \frac{180}{\theta_{BW}} \times \frac{0.1 \times P_{net}}{\pi \times D \times h}$$
, in mW/cm²,

where $\theta_{BW} = \text{half-power beamwidth of antenna, in degrees, and}$

 P_{net} = net power input to the antenna, in watts.

The factor of 0.1 in the numerator converts to the desired units of power density. This formula has been built into a proprietary program that calculates distances to FCC public and occupational limits.

Far Field.

OET-65 gives this formula for calculating power density in the far field of an individual RF source:

power density
$$S = \frac{2.56 \times 1.64 \times 100 \times RFF^2 \times ERP}{4 \times \pi \times D^2}$$
, in mW/cm²,

where ERP = total ERP (all polarizations), in kilowatts,

RFF = relative field factor at the direction to the actual point of calculation, and

D = distance from the center of radiation to the point of calculation, in meters.

The factor of 2.56 accounts for the increase in power density due to ground reflection, assuming a reflection coefficient of 1.6 ($1.6 \times 1.6 = 2.56$). The factor of 1.64 is the gain of a half-wave dipole relative to an isotropic radiator. The factor of 100 in the numerator converts to the desired units of power density. This formula has been built into a proprietary program that calculates, at each location on an arbitrary rectangular grid, the total expected power density from any number of individual radiation sources. The program also allows for the description of uneven terrain in the vicinity, to obtain more accurate projections.



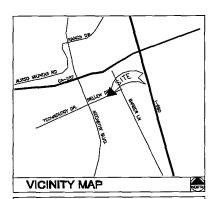


CROWN PLAZA SF60XC857-A

777 BELLEW DRIVE MILPITAS, CA 95035

SITE TYPE: ROOFTOP





Directions — Each — Toward's Sunnivale—Matven, — Time On-277 WEST TOWARD'S SUNNIVALE—Matven, — Time That Machine Budo Data, — — Time India Machine Budo Data, — — Time India Machine Budo Data, — — Time India Machine Data, — Time India Mac

DRIVING DIRECTIONS

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

AFL TELECOMMUNICATIONS 187 TECHNOLOGY DRIVE RVINE, CALFORNIA 92818

TON GARCIA (323) 908-0777

1240 SQ, FL

TYPE I

APPLICANT/LESSEE

NAVE
SPRNT
DESCRIPTION
DESCRIPTION
CONTROL
PROBLE
(013) 227-1944
AGENT 4

AGENT 1
ADDRESS:
AGENT 2

NAME: THE ALAFIS CROWN ADDRESS: 165 BERTY STREET, SUITE 5300 BAN FRANCISCO, CAUTORNIA 84107 CONTACT: RYAN CROWLEY (415) 541-5301

PROPERTY INFORMATION

CONTACT: FHONE: AREA OF CONSTRUCTION:

OCCUPANCY TYPE:

CURSTRUCTION TYPE:

CURSTRUCTION;

ZONING APPLICATION 4:

LATRIDE:

LONGITUDE:

THEORY 37 22 22.08 N (
NCHIDE: 121 BS 03.72 W
PM.: NCHIDE: 122 BS 03.72 W
PM.: NCHIDE: FACILITE IS UNIANN
HIMAN HABITATION.
ACCESS NOT RECUE

PROJECT SUMMARY

ALL WORK AND MATERIALS SHALL BE PERFORMED AND INSTALLED IN ACCIDENCE WITH THE CURRENT EXTRINS OF THE FOLLOWING COIESS AS ADDITED BY THE LOUD. COMERNIA WITHOUTERIES. WITHING IN THESE FLANS IS TO BE CONSTRUCTO TO PERMIT WORK NOT CONFORMED TO THESE COINS.

SOF UNICOR BUILDING CODE

OF DEFENSE BUILDING CODE

1. 2001 CHETINE CODE

1. 2001 CHETINE CODE

TO CHETINE CODE

OF CODE CONSTRUCTION

OF CODE CODE CODE

OF CODE

OF CODE CODE

OF CODE CODE

OF CODE CODE

OF CODE CODE

OF CODE

OF CODE CODE

OF CODE

CODE COMPLIANCE

ARCHITECT:
CINSULTANT'S NAME
ADDRESS
COTY, STATE, ZIP
CONTACT:
PHONES (4.5) 300—1303
(4.15) 300—1303

SLRVEYOR:

CONSULTANTS NAME INITIAL PC
ADDRESS 10062 40
CONTACTS: TIM SOAN
PHONE 63301 47

UTILITIES-ELECTRICALCONSULTANT'S NAME PACFIC SAS AND ELECTRIC PACFIC SAS AND ELECTRIC (BOX) 740-3000

CONSULTANT'S NAME SEC (800) 750-2300

PROJECT TEAM

SPANT REPRESENTATIVE
SPANT REPRESENTATIVE
SPANT REPRESENTATIVE
STR. OWNER

APPROVAL LIST

SHEET	DESCRIPTION			REV.
T1	TITLE SHEET			3
L\$1	SITE SURVEY			7
L\$2	DETALS & LEGAL DESCRIPTION			3
A1	ROOF/SITE PLAN			3
A2	EQUIPMENT AREA FLAN & ANTENNA LAYOUT			3
АЗ	ELEVATIONS			3
F		ISSUED FOR:		_
8	HEET INDEX	100%	ZONIN	G

DO NOT SCALE DRAWINGS

CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY ALL PLANS AND EXISTING DIMENSIONS AND CONDITIONS ON THE JUST STE AND SHALL IMMEDIATELY NUTRY THE ARCHITECT IN WITHING OF MAY DISCREPANCIES REFORE PROCEEDING WITH THE WORK OR BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SAME

GENERAL CONTRACTOR NOTES



8580 SPRINT PARKWAY OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS 68251

AFL Telecommunications

187 TECHNOLOGY ER. FMNE, CALIFORNIA 92618 Office (530) 263-4339 Fox (415) 495-6277

⊥MSA

Architecture & Planning, Inc. 200 Usus Street, Suite 2018 San Francisco, Ca M403 415.503,1583 for 418.503,1582 Santa Aca San Olego San Francisco

REV DATE DESCRIPTION

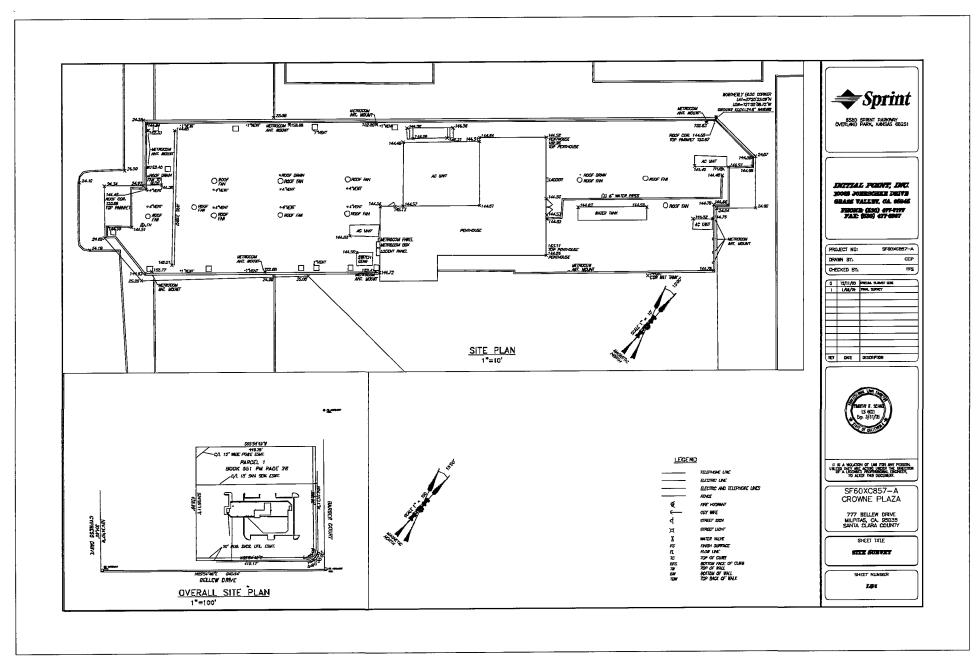
IT IS A VICIATION OF USE TOTAL ANY PURSON, MLESS THEY ARE ACTING LINGER THE DIRECTO OF A LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGNEER.

CROWNE PLAZA SF60XC857-A 777 BELLEN DRIVE MILPITAS, CA 95035 SANTA CLARA COUNTY

TITLE SHEET

SHEET NUMBE

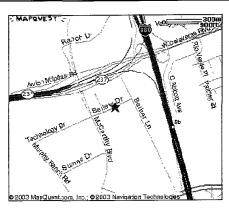
T-1



LEGAL DESCRIPTION

PARENT PARCEL

PHICE 1 OF PARCE, WAP FEED MACCHES AT PACE ST & 30 OF WAPS, SWITE CLASS COUNTY RECORDS.



VICINITY MAP (N.T.S.)



8580 SPRINT PARKINGY OVERLAND PARK, KANSAS 68251

DUTIAL POINT; DIV. 30060 JOHNSCHER DRIVS GRAM VALLEY, CA. MOSS PRONE (630) 477-7277 FAE: (630) 477-4947

PROJECT NO:	9F80XC857-A
DRAWN BY:	CCP
CHECKED BY:	टना

0	12/11/03	PRIM SUNCY EER
1	1/88/04	FINAL SURVEY
		T
		· · · · · ·
_		
_		





IT IS A WICLATION OF LAW FUR ANY PURSON. UNLESS DATY MET MITTING UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A LICENSEE, PRIFESSIONAL DIRECTION TO ALTER DAS DOCUMENT.

SF60XC857-CROWNE PLAZA

777 BELLEW DRIVE MILPITAS, CA 95035 SANTA CLARA COUNTY

SHEET TOTALE DUTAILA LEGAL DESCRIPTION

SHEET NUMBER

199

LEGEND TELEPHONE LINE

ELECTRIC LINE ELECTRIC AND TELEPHONE LINES FENCE FRE INDRANT

CLY MRE STREET SICH STREET LIGHT MAJER WALKE

WOTER DALVE
FRISH SAFFICE
FLOW LINE
TOP OF CURB
SPITTOW THE OF CURB
TUP OF WALL
BUTTOW OF WALL
TUP BACK OF WALK

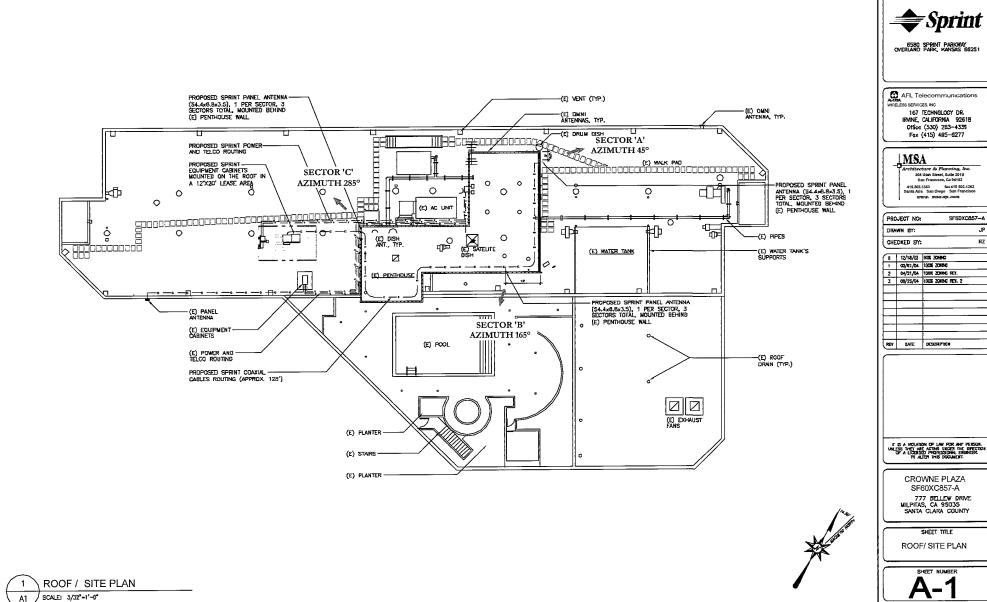
SC ACCURACY CERTIFICATION

A PRESIDENT THE PREPARED IN SUBMINIOUS AND ADMINISHMENT FOR FAMOUR AND PROPARED AND THE PROPARED THE STREET OF THE PROPARED AND THE PROPARED THE STREET OF T

1. ALL LATTICOS AND LORSTICOS AND AL MALE ESTATICA MENTRAL

2 ALL BOUNDARY SPONSHTTEN SHOWN HAVEOUT HAS BEEN COMPLETE FROM PRODUC BY SE

SURVEY NOTES





167 TECHNOLOGY DR. IRVINE, CALIFORNIA 92618 Office (530) 283-4339

415.503.1363 fax 415 503.1362 Santa Ana San Diego San Francisco

JP RZ

